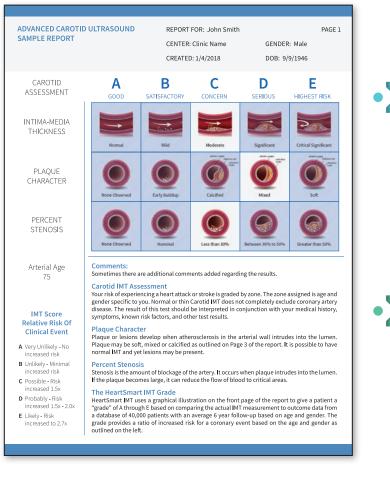
CAROTID IMT (INTIMA MEDIA THICKNESS) ASSESSMENT



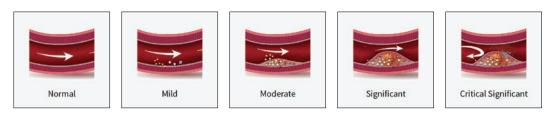
The IMT test has been endorsed by the American Heart Association and the American College of Cardiology as a proven technique for the early detection of heart disease.

[Am Coll Cardiol. 2010 Dec 14;56(25):e50-103

CIMT SAMPLE REPORT



Your risk of experiencing a heart attack or stroke is graded by zone. The zone assigned is age and gender specific to you. Normal or thin Carotid IMT does not completely exclude coronary artery disease. The result of this test should be interpreted in conjunction with your medical history, symptoms, known risk factors, and other test results.

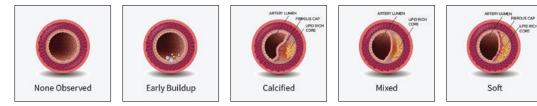


HEARTSMART IMT GRADE

| Α | В | С | D | E |
|---------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Very Unlikely | Unlikely | Possible | Probably | Likely |
| No Increased | Minimal Increased | Risk Increased | Risk Increased | Risk Increased |
| Risk | Risk | 1.5x | 1.5x - 2.0x | To 2.7x |

PLAQUE CHARACTER

Plaque or lesions develop when atherosclerosis in the arterial wall intrudes into the lumen. Plaque may be soft, mixed or calcified as outlined on Page 3 of the report. It is possible to have normal IMT and yet lesions may be present.



PERCENT STENOSIS

Stenosis is the amount of blockage of the artery. It occurs when plaque intrudes into the lumen. If the plague becomes large, it can reduce the flow of blood to critical areas.









